Dicentrine Production from a Hairy Roots Culture of Stephania suberosa

Waraporn Putalun*, Gorawit Yusakul, and Denpong Patanasethanont

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Khon Kaen University, Khon Kaen, 40002, Thailand.

Fax: +66-43-2 02-3 79. E-mail: waraporn@kku.ac.th * Author for correspondence and reprint requests

Z. Naturforsch. **64c**, 692–696 (2009); received June 8/July 2, 2009

Key words: Dicentrine, Hairy Roots, Stephania suberosa

A hairy roots culture of *Stephania suberosa* was established using *Agrobacterium rhizogenes* ATCC15834. The production of dicentrine was found to be (8.92 \(\partial 0.07\)) mg/g dry wt on day 35 of culture. Effects of sucrose content, tyrosine, and medium strength on growth and dicentrine production of *S. suberosa* were investigated. 6% (w/v) sucrose was an optimum content for the growth and dicentrine accumulation in *S. suberosa* hairy roots. The utilization of a precursor from tyrosine feeding enhanced the dicentrine production. The medium with 1.0 mm of tyrosine had the highest effect on dicentrine accumulation in hairy roots at day 40 of culture [(14.73 \(\partial 0.47\)) mg/g dry wt]. In addition, \(\frac{1}{2}\) Murashige and Skoog medium was suitable for biomass and dicentrine production in hairy roots. This culture system has a potential to produce dicentrine from hairy roots of *S. suberosa*.